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Before the

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TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY

IN RE:

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC., CITIZENS COMMUNICATIONS, INC., UNITED TELEPHONE-SOUTHEAST, INC. PETITION FOR EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN SERVICES

DOCKET NO. 03-00391

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF TERRY BUCKNER

October 18, 2004

1	Q.	Please state your name for the record	d.
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2 A. My name is Terry Buckner.

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4 Q. By whom are you employed and what is your position?

I am employed by the Consumer Advocate and Protection
Division ("CAPD") in the Office of the Attorney General for the state

of Tennessee ("Office") as a Regulatory Analyst.

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Q. What is the purpose of your testimony?

10 A. The purpose of my testimony is to rebut the written direct
11 testimonies filed with the TRA by BellSouth Telecommunications,
12 Inc. ("BellSouth") and United Telephone - Southeast ("UTSE").

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14 Q. Please comment on the BellSouth testimony in this docket.

15 A. BellSouth describes the PRI ISDN market as "vigorously competitive." In support of this characterization, BellSouth cites that "at least the 12 companies listed" on their exhibit as competitors.

18 Secondly, BellSouth cites their PRI ISDN promotional offerings and the promotional offerings of some of their competitors. Finally, BellSouth cites their "own sales experience in the context of

¹K. Blake direct testimony, Page 4, Line 20.

²K. Blake direct testimony, Page 4, Line 23.

negotiated contract service arrangements (CSAs)."³ Thus BellSouth asserts that it has competition for PRI ISDN service and has met competition with its own promotional offerings and CSAs. Therefore, BellSouth concludes that based, on this evidence, PRI ISDN service should be exempt from regulation.

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A.

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7 Q. What is wrong with BellSouth's conclusions?

One must presume that BellSouth's competitors for PRI ISDN are effective. First of all, there is **no** evidence of how much PRI ISDN market share has been lost by BellSouth or even if their competitive loss is significant. Relative market share strength of competitors is a critical threshold consideration for PRI ISDN service to be exempt from regulation. Price can be effectively regulated by competition only if there is a viable and sustainable competitive marketplace that consists of independent market entrants. While such competition can be a good and a desired result, competitive rhetoric should not supplant just and reasonable evidence as the basis of the TRA's decision in this docket. For example, BellSouth cites Sprint as a competitor for PRI ISDN in their exhibit; BellSouth has provided a copy of several of Sprint's web-site pages. Yet, in conversation with a Sprint's sales representative, Sprint provides PRI ISDN only in

³K. Blake direct testimony, Page 5, Lines 13-14.

UTSE's	service	territory.	Therefore,	Sprint	is	not	a	competitor	to
BellSout	h for PR	I ISDN sei	rvice in Ten	nessee.					

Secondly, no evidence is provided that PRI ISDN service is extensively available from competitors in all of BellSouth's exchanges in Tennessee. In my Exhibit, the June 2004 FCC Report ("Report") provides local competition data by state at December 31, 2003. Table 16 of the Report indicates that 20% of Tennessee's Zip Codes have zero Competitive Local Exchange Carriers ("CLECs") and 34% have only one to three CLECs. So, a total of 54% of the state's Zip Codes have three or less CLECs. Table 7 shows that the CLECs have only an 11% share of the Switched End-User Access Lines in Tennessee. Nationally, CLECs have only a 16% share of Switched End-User Access Lines, of that 16% only 24% (Table 3) are CLEC owned Access Lines. Additionally, BellSouth provides no evidence that economic barriers do not remain for competitors to provide PRI ISDN service to all of Tennessee.

Thirdly, many of the competitors cited by BellSouth are financially weak. There have been numerous bankruptcy proceedings and reorganizations. Consequently, it is not known if competition by these firms can be sustained in the future.

Fourthly, the BellSouth conclusions overlook the fact that most of their competitors are dependent upon BellSouth's facilities to

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provision their PRI ISDN service. BellSouth remains the dominant facilities provider in Tennessee and, therefore, controls the wholesale market that non-facilities based providers depend upon to compete. Thus, the competitor's pricing of PRI ISDN service is dependent upon the wholesale prices of BellSouth. As previously stated in my direct testimony, this type of competition is not likely to result in sustained head to head competition, which is necessary to effectively regulate the price of PRI ISDN service.⁴

Based on the lack of market share evidence, the poor financial condition of BellSouth's competitors, BellSouth's dominance in facilities and control over the wholesale market, and the lack of multiple competitors throughout Tennessee, BellSouth petition for exemption of PRI ISDN service is premature and should be denied.

Α.

Q. Please comment on the testimony of UTSE in this docket.

Like BellSouth, UTSE cites a number of competitors for PRI ISDN service. UTSE describes their market as "very competitive" UTSE also speaks anecdotally of their loss of "more than 50% of head-to-head bids with KMC.6" Thus, UTSE assets that it has

⁴T. Buckner direct testimony, Page 7, Lines 3-5.

⁵D. Marshall direct testimony, Page 1, Line 12.

⁶D. Marshall direct testimony, Page 3, Lines 4-5.

competition and has used CSAs as a result of competition. Therefore,

UTSE concludes that based on their evidence, PRI ISDN service
should be exempt from regulation.

Q. What is wrong with UTSE's conclusions?

A. Here again, like BellSouth, it is impossible to determine the market share of PRI ISDN access lines by UTSE. Absent this critical market share information, **no action** by the TRA to exempt PRI ISDN for UTSE from regulation would be the just and reasonable measure.

Likewise, the financial condition of UTSE's competitors is a concern. UTSE is the dominant facilities provider for their service territory in Tennessee. By their own admission, the competitors must use "UTSE's last-mile facilities to provision their ISDN-PRI service." Finally, the availability of multiple competitors throughout the UTSE service area is unknown.

A.

Q. Please summarize your testimony.

The direct testimonies of BellSouth and UTSE are remarkably void of any tangible evidence in support of their petition for exemption of PRI ISDN service. There is no demonstration of market share data by either ILEC nor does either ILEC demonstrate

⁷D. Marshall direct testimony, Page 2, Lines 8-9.

that it is losing market share on PRI ISDN service in speci					
exchanges. Consequently, there can be no finding that there					
effective competition existing in either ILEC's market. The finance					
condition of their competitors is weak and, consequently, one show					
be concerned about how much longer they will remain financially					
viable enterprises. The facilities dominance of both ILECs is vas					
superior. This superiority is confirmed in their availability of serve					
throughout their historical service areas.					

Based on the lack of market evidence, <u>exemption would not</u> be in the public interest. Secondly, the ability to choose a service provider is predicated on the financial welfare of the service providers in the marketplace. If this lack of financial viability continues, then prospective competition will be negligible. Therefore, an <u>effective regulator of price for these services will not exist</u>.

17 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?

18 A. Yes, it does.

BEFORE THE TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

IN RE:

BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS, INC., CITIZENS COMMUNICATIONS, INC., UNITED TELEPHONE-SOUTHEAST, INC. PETITION FOR EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN SERVICES

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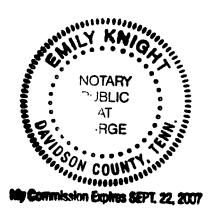
I, Terry Buckner, Regulatory Analyst, for the Consumer Advocate Division of the Attorney General's Office, hereby certify that the attached Rebuttal Testimony represents my opinion in the above-referenced case and the opinion of the Consumer Advocate Division.

TERRY BUCKNER

Sworn to and subscribed before me this & day of Cotale, 2004.

NOTARY PUBIJO

My commission expires: 500 7



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